## Part 1

Create a computer model that solves the structure of a star assuming a set of central boundary conditions. Specifically, solve a star of mass  $M = 7.08 M_{sun}$ , with solar composition: X = 0.7, Y = 0.28. Use the following central boundary conditions (cgs units):  $\log P_c = 16.655$ 

 $\log T_c = 7.45$ 

Integrate the equations of stellar structure outwards from m = 0 to the surface (or to where the density, temperature or pressure become negative if that happens before you reach the surface) using the appropriate microphysics. Specifically, assume that:

- Equation of state is given by the sum of radiation + ideal gas and fully ionized gas.
- *Energy generation* is a combination of the pp chain, CNO cycle, and triple-alpha process.
- *Opacity* is given by

<u>Undergrads</u>: a combination of electron scattering, free-free, bound-free, and H-and use the analytic approximations for these.

<u>Grads</u>: interpolating in the OPAL opacity tables and using the analytic approximations where the tables do not apply.

Hand in the following:

- a. A printout of your code
- **b.** The following 8 plots where m is in solar units:
  - Pressure:  $\log P$  vs. m (P in cgs units)
  - Temperature:  $\log T$  vs. m (T in Kelvin)
  - Density:  $\log \rho$  vs. m ( $\rho$  in cgs units)
  - Radius: r vs. m (r in solar radii)
  - Luminosity:  $L_m$  vs. m ( $L_m$  in solar luminosities)
  - Opacity:  $\kappa$  vs. m ( $\kappa$  in cgs units)
  - Energy generation rate:  $\varepsilon$  vs. m ( $\varepsilon$  in cgs units)
  - Ratio of radiative to adiabatic gradient vs. m (this is >1 in convective regions)
- **c.** The values for the final radius and luminosity of the star (in solar units)
- **d.** A list of the main assumptions you made in this calculation and the main things a more accurate model would have to include.

## Part 2 (for graduate students or very ambitious undergrads)

Generalize your model so that it does not need to know the exact central boundary conditions. Run the model on a star of mass  $M = 2.82 M_{sun}$  with composition: X = 0.7, Y = 0.27. Produce the same plots as in part 1 and list the final values of central temperature, central pressure, total radius, and total luminosity.