## Problem 1

The energy-averaged cross section is given by  $\langle \sigma v \rangle = C S_0 \tau^2 e^{-\tau}$ , where C and  $S_0$  are constants,  $\tau$  is given by  $\tau = \frac{19.721W^{1/3}}{(T/10^7 K)^{1/3}}$  and  $W = Z_j^2 Z_k^2 \frac{A_j A_k}{A_j + A_k}$ , where Z,A are the charge and mass numbers of species j and k. The reaction rate (number of reactions per unit time, per unit volume) is given by  $r_{i,k} = X_i X_k r'_{i,k}$ , where  $X_i, X_k$  are the mass fractions of species j and k, and  $r'_{j,k} = \frac{\rho^2}{(1+\delta_{ik})A_iA_km_n^2} \langle \sigma v \rangle.$ Consider the reactions:  $C_6^{12} + H_1^1 \rightarrow C_6^{13}$ with corresponding reaction rates  $r_{1,12}, r_{1,13}, r_{1,14}, r_{1,15}$   $N_7^{14} + H_1^1 \rightarrow N_7^{15}$ 

$$N_7^{15} + H_1^1 \rightarrow C_6^{12} + He_2^4$$

**a.** Derive expressions for the above 4 reaction rates as functions of C,  $S_0$ ,  $\rho$ , T, and the mass fractions  $X_i$ .

Evaluate the temperature exponent  $\frac{\partial (\ln \langle \sigma v \rangle)}{\partial \ln T}$  for the above 4 equations at b.  $T = 3 \times 10^7 K.$ 

## Problem 2

**a.** Write down a set of coupled differential equations for d/dt of the mass fractions  $C^{12}, C^{13}, N^{14}, N^{15}, H^1, He^4$  (I am using these symbols to signify mass fractions, instead of the standard  $X_i$  symbol), assuming that the reactions in problem 4 are the only ones occurring (e.g.,  $N^{14}$  is only produced by the 2nd reaction and destroyed by the 3<sup>rd</sup> one). **b.** Derive expressions for the relative abundances of  $C^{12}$ ,  $C^{13}$ ,  $N^{15}$  (in equilibrium) as functions of the  $N^{14}$  abundance.

**c.** Given that the total number of C + N nuclei are conserved, derive an expression for the absolute equilibrium abundances  $C^{12}, C^{13}, N^{14}, N^{15}$  as functions of the reaction rates and the total number of C + N nuclei.

(NOTE: for this problem, you can take the reaction rates as known functions of temperature, i.e., you don't need to evaluate the expressions for  $r'_{1,12}$ , etc)