Write a code to compute the passive evolution of luminosity for a stellar population whose star formation shuts off at time t=0.

Assume that at time t=0, the stellar population has a Salpeter mass function and contains stars of all masses in the range  $0.08 - 50M_{sun}$ 

Calculate the total luminosity of the stellar population as a function of time in units of its starting luminosity  $L_0$ . Then convert this to absolute magnitude: M(t)-M(0), the difference between the absolute magnitude at time t and that at time t=0.

Plot M(t)-M(0) as a function of time (make the x-axis run from 0 to 10Gyr).

Show all your steps and attach a printout of your code.