Go to the class website and download this file: SDSS DR7.dat

It contains data from the final (Data Release 7) SDSS galaxy redshift survey. Specifically, the file contains 550,166 lines, where each line has the following info for a single galaxy:

RA - right ascension
DEC - declination
z - redshift

 $M_g$  – absolute *g*-band magnitude  $M_r$  – absolute *r*-band magnitude

- a) Familiarize yourself with the data: Make a plot of DEC (y-axis) vs. RA (x-axis) showing the positions of the galaxies on the sky. Make a plot of  $M_r$  (y-axis) vs. z (x-axis) also showing all the galaxies (invert the y-axis so that more luminous galaxies are up).
- **b)** Make a plot of the (g-r) color distribution of galaxies. Using a cut between red and blue galaxies of (g-r)=0.75, calculate the fraction of blue galaxies in the sample.
- c) Plot the r-band luminosity function of galaxies: plot  $\log(dn/dM_r)$  as a function of  $M_r$ , where dn is the number density of galaxies (in units of  $h^3 \text{Mpc}^{-3}$ ) in bins of  $M_r$  (use bins of width 0.1). To compute the density, you need to estimate a volume. This is difficult for a flux-limited sample since it has no clear redshift boundary, so just use the median redshift survey depth of z<0.1. You will also need the area on the sky covered by the SDSS DR7, which is 7,675.2 deg<sup>2</sup> (2.295 steradians).
- **d)** Construct three volume-limited sub-samples of the full dataset that contain galaxies more luminous than -20, -19, and -18, respectively. List the redshift bounds, the volume, and the number of galaxies for each sample. Calculate new blue galaxy fractions for these samples.
- e) Make a single plot of the luminosity functions measured from these three volumelimited samples. How do these look different from the luminosity function made using the flux-limited sample?
- f) Make a new plot of the galaxy luminosity function using the full flux-limited sample, but this time applying a  $1/V_{max}$  weighting. How does the weighting change the luminosity function?